Topic 3: Playing Suit Contracts

<u>Suite Bidding:</u>	
Game Points:	25
Open:	12+ HCP and 5 card Major or 4 card Diamonds or 2 + Clubs.
Respond:	 6 - 9 HCP a) Bid 2 of partner's suit, showing a fit in the suit, <i>includes distribution points</i> b) showing 4 of a suit, still at the 1 level c) 1NT showing the point count but no fit in the suit, or 4 of any other suit at the 1 level
	 10+ (HCP) a) Bid a new suit at the 2 level. <i>You should have 5xH over a 1S bid</i>. Partner MUST answer you, even if it is 2NT saying I have no more to offer. It gives you another chance to speak about your hand, maybe you have 19 Points!!
	 10-12 (HCP + distribution) with fit a) Bid 3 of bid suit: showing a fit in the bid suit and inviting partner to check their total points and bid to game if possible
	 12+ (HCP + distribution) with fit a) Bid 4 of bid suit: showing a fit in the bid suit and enough points to get to game (25 points)
	 18+ (HCP + distribution) a) You could be looking at Slam. We will cover this in Topic 4. At this stage bid at the 4 level.
Opener:	 a) After partner bids 2 of your suit, consider very carefully before you go any further, partner has a max of 9 points for you! If you bid at the 3 level you are saying only go to 4 level if you have 9 points - otherwise Pass. You may have committed yourself to getting an extra trick that may be your undoing! <i>If you hold 19+ total points you may want to bid at the 4 level:</i> (6 + 19) gives 25 for game
	 b) Partner has bid at the 2 level and changed suit. You MUST bid. i) You can repeat your suit showing more than 5 in the suit ii) < 15 HCP bid 2NT saying you have no more points, but allowing for partner to bid again if required (they may have 19 points and potential for Slam!!) iii) with 15 + HCP you can change suit, possibly looking for a NT game (10 + 15) HCP = 25

Suit Contract Play:

Identify and Discard Losers

****Count Your Losers in a Suit Contract****

- a) As Dummy places cards begin to assess your combined hand.
- b) Look at the hand with the longer trump holding usually the Declarer. *How many losers do you have?*
- c) how can you avoid losing too many tricks?
- d) How can you move from Dummy to your hand and back as needed? **Don't guess**, take time to review and **plan your play**. *This will become quicker with practice!*
- d) In a suit lead from your short holding to the longer holding to avoid trapping yourself in the *wrong* hand.
- e) Win your lead as soon as possible.
- f) Draw Trumps as soon as possible.

Discarding Losers:

1 These hands have bid to 4♠, 4♥ and 3♦ . Count your Losers and find a place you may be able to Discard a Loser.

S: J 8 6 4	S: J 9 6 3	S: A Q 6 3
H: K 9 2	H: Q 9 7 4	H: Q 7 6 4
D: K 8 5 2	D: 8 5 2	D: T 5
С: АК7	С: К 7	C: T 9 5
	N	N
W E	W E	W E
S	S	s
:		
S: K Q T 9 3	S: 5	S: 8 7
H: A 7 5	H: A K Q J T 8 3	Н: К З
D: A T 6	D: A 9 6	D: K Q J 9 6 4 2
C: Q 4	C: A T 4	C: J 2
Losers:	Losers:	Losers:
▲ ♥ ◆ ♣	♠ ♥ ♦ ♣	♦ ♥ ♦ ♣

You are in 4♠. South is Declarer, the lead is Q♣ from West

How are you going to safely Discard a Loser so you don't go down? What is your Plan?

Lead: Q+		S: A Q 6		Lose	rs:		
		H: Q 9 6 5		S	н	D	С
		D: Q 9					
		C: 8 7 4 3					
	S: T 8 7 4 2		S: J 9 3				
	H: 2	N	H: A				
	D: K 8 3	W E	D: A J 7 5 4 2				
	C: Q J T 6	S	C: K 5 2				
		S: K 5					
		H: K J T 8 7 4 3					
		D: T 6					
		C: A 9					

Plan:

2

3 Complete a Plan for this Contract. You are South, playing 6* with a J* lead:

Lead: J 🐟	S: A 7 5		Loser	rs:		
	H: K Q 4		S	н	D	С
	D: Q 8 5 4					
	C: J 6 5					
S: J T 9	2	S: Q 6 4				
H: 9 6	52 N	H: A T 8 3				
D: J 9 (64 W E	D: K T 7 2				
C: 4	S	C: 8 3				
	S: K 8 3					
	H: J 7					
	D: A					
	C: A K Q T 9 7 2		·			

Plan:

Opening Leads:

A quick note here, next week will be more involved with Defense against a Suit Contract. Remember you are racing against the Declarer running out of your suit and being able to play a trump.

- a) a singleton
- b) top of a 2 or 3 card honour sequence
- c) **Do Not** lead away from and an Ace or a King, why? see below and more later!
- d) top card of a suit bid by your partner
- e) top of a set of Spot cards (ie not honours) top of nothing, you don't want a return
- f) the contract suit, *but not a singleton trump*, this may upset a holding like Qxx in partner's hand (allows you to keep your honours and support for better things!)

Always return your partners lead unless it was a high Spot card - unless there are signs that it was a singleton. Even if the Ace or K is sitting in Dummy. It may help to set up your partners cards, or partner may have led a singleton!

Defense Play:

1

Lead from West, how does your trick count fare in these 2 options:

	D: A 9	92				C: Q 6			
D: K	T 7 5		D: J 8	4	С: КЈ75] c	: T 4 3
	D: Q	6 3				C: A 9 8	2		
2	Select a lead	from the f	ollowin	g:					
	S: K 7 5 4 2					Biddir	ng:		
a)	H: 7 6 2	N				Ν	Ε	S	W
	D: 7	w	Е					1NT	1
	C: J T 9 2	S				2C	/	2H	
b)	S: K J 8 5					Biddir	ng:		
0)	H: 7 2	N				Ν	Ε	S	W
	D: Q 7 2	w	Е					1H	/
	С: К Т 8 3	S				ЗН	/	4H	/
	S: K 7 5 4 2					Biddir	ng:		
c)	H: 7 6 2	N				Ν	Ε	S	W
	D: 7	w	E					1S	/
	C: J T 9 2	S				35	1	4S	1

Returning the Lead – Give Partner a *Suit Preference* Signal:

In 2. a) above you suspect partner's lead is a singleton and you won it with A. What do you return, a \bullet of cause, but which one? A card that gives partner a Signal would be useful, so that partner knows what Suit to play after the trick is won with a trump.

Trumps are \blacklozenge , you will play a \blacklozenge : so how can you show whether you want partner play a \blacklozenge or a \clubsuit ? Leading a high "spot" (ie non honour), say \blacklozenge 8, will indicate you want the higher ranking of the other two suits in this case a \blacklozenge . Leading a *low spot*, say \blacklozenge 3, will indicate you want the *lower ranking* of the two suits, this would be a \clubsuit . Partner may be holding the \blacklozenge A, so win another trick, then lead back a \blacklozenge and you now have 4 tricks and the 4 \blacktriangledown contract is down!!!

Assess the Bidding to Select a Lead:



Analyse the Bidding, what are you told by the jump to 3 in the second round of bidding? How will this influence your lead? Maybe time for an **aggressive fast grab**, hoping partner may have some assistance with the \bigstar suit.

Defending Suit Contracts in the Third Seat:

Third seat means you are playing after Dummy and have a slight advantage about how the cards lie and what partner's lead meant. Can you signal partner about your like or otherwise of their lead?

Signal to Encourage:

Play a **high spot** if partner played a winning card and you want to **encourage** partner to continue that suit, or **low spot** to **discourage** that suit.

	S: K 7 6 4				
	H: A 2				
Lead: A ♦	D: T 6 3				
	С: К Q 8 4				
		S: 8	Bidding:		
	N	H: Q 9 7 5 3	NE	S	w
	W E	D: Q 9 5	1C	1S	/
	S	C: J T 6 2	2S /	4S	

What do you expect from partner's lead? How does it compete with Dummy's holding? Does it look good for your" holding? How will you play to **encourage** more diamonds?

Hold an A to Kill a King in Dummy:

	S: K Q J 4					
	H: K 7 5 3					
Lead: Q♦	D: 8 4					
	C: J 5 3					
		S: A T 8 2	Biddin	ig:		
	N	H: 8 4	N	Ε	S	١
	W E	D: A 9 2			1H	
	s	С: К Т 8 4	3Н		4H	

After viewing Dummy you will hold your Ace to kill the K in Dummy. Playing the A will give Declarer an extra trick!

When thinking about defence you need to say what is my best shot, if partner holds a certain card. You know \bigstar A is a winner but hold it to kill the K. If partner holds an honour in \clubsuit you look good to take 2 tricks...give it a try. After winning \blacklozenge A, play a low \clubsuit to see what partner has. With success (\clubsuit Q), partner will lead back another low \clubsuit , telling you **declarer** holds the \clubsuit A. The \clubsuit 10 now becomes a valuable card to force declarer to play \clubsuit A, leaving your K a winner to play after you take \bigstar A.

Play to Win the last Trump in Dummy:

If Declarer has played to remove trumps and left you with the winning trump against a lower trump in Dummy. Two things to be aware of:

- a) Declarer does not want to lose two trumps to remove the last outstanding trump, especially when...
- b) Declarer wants to use that trump to get access into Dummy's winning cards
- c) Declarer will try to get you to trump in against another suit.
- d) If you can win the lead using another card you should play your winning trump and thus remove Declarer's only access to Dummy

S: 6	
H: J 8 5	
D: Q J	
C: 7	
	S: 9
N	Н: К З
W E	D: T 5 3
S	C: J 2

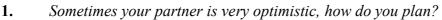
S played A, K and does not hold any more \dot{A} 's, but wants to use A6 to get to Q, J.

- a) Declarer is playing s, hoping to lose the last s to the defence, maybe to a void hand who will use their last trump.
- b) Too bad, W did not have any ♣ s or the remaining trump and E wins the ♣J then plays ♠9, winning that and removing S's access to Dummy. *Nasty play by E but very satisfying!!!*

Continuing with Discarding a Loser to make your Suit Contract:

Earlier we established a Suit by ruffing. Now we will consider playing a long Suit to make a spot card a winner.

		S: 763			Bidding	g:		
		H: A 7			N	Ε	S	W
Lead: 🗚 Q		D: T 8 7	642				2C	/
		С: К 8			2D	/	2H	/
	S: Q T 85			S: K J 2	3D	/	3H	/
	H: 6 5 3	N		H: 8 2	6Н			
	D: J 3	w	Е	D: Q 9 5				
	C: Q J T 5	S		C: 97643				
					Losers	:		
		S: A94	ļ		S	Н	D	С
		H: K Q J	Т94					
		D: A K			Plan:	Win	in	hand
		C: A 2						
	o the ♦'s for se	etup – have	a big					
think about t	his!!							



2. *Same partner, still full of enthusiasm!* Next Plan:

		S: A J 2		Biddir	ng:		
		H: A T 8		Ν	Е	S	W
Lead: ♦K		D: A 9 8 4 3				3S	/
		C: 9 3		4S	/		
	S: 96		S: 8				
	H: J 6 5	Ν	H: K Q 9 2				
	D: K Q J 2	W E	D: T 6 5				
	С: К Т 7 5	S	C: A Q 6 4 2				
				Losers	5:		
		S: KQT7543		S	н	D	С
		H: 7 4 3					
		D: 7		Plan:			
		C: J 8					
Hint: Look	to the ♦'s for se						

3. We talked about taking Finesses during our NT lessons. Don't forget to apply this technique in Suit Contracts play.